

United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization

Organisation
des Nations Unies
pour l'éducation,
la science et la culture

Organización de las Naciones Unidas para la Educación, la Ciencia y la Cultura

Организация Объединенных Наций по вопросам образования, науки и культуры

> منظمة الأمم المتحدة للتربية والعلم والثقافة

> > 联合国教育、 科学及文化组织



Mobile Phones

Advancing Women's and Girls' Literacy

Fengchun Miao Head of ICT in Education Task Team Education Sector UNESCO HQs







Outline

- 1. Background: UNESCO ICT in Education Programme and Mobile Learning Projects
- Problem: Low Literacy Rate of Women and Girls
- 3. Solution: Harnessing Mobiles' Potentials to Advance Women's and Girls' Literacy







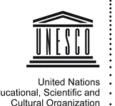
Key ICT in Education Policy Issues

- Ensure inclusive and equal access to ICT resources and learning and empowerment opportunities.
- Build capacities of policy makers, education managers, education institutions, and individual teachers in leveraging ICT.
- Promote the free sharing and creative re-use of open educational resources including online courseware, and
- Seize the emerging opportunities enabled by the oneto-one, ubiquitous and mobile learning opportunities.



KNOWLEDGE

ACQUISITION



1. UNESCO ICT in Education Programme: Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization Focus Areas and Strategies

Focus areas:

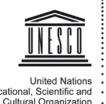
- ICT in Education Policy
- ICT and/for Teacher **Training**
- Mobile Learning
- Open Educational **Resources (OER)**
- Evaluation of ICT in **Education**

Strategies:

- Standard Setting
- Capacity Building
- Foresight Piloting
- Knowledge Sharing
- Policy Debates







Planning ICT in Education for the Cultural Organization : Neo-PC Era and Post-2015 Agenda

Neo-PC (Personal Computing Devices) Era is coming:

- Sales of tablet computers are expected to surpass sales of desktop PCs by 2016.
- There will be 788 million mobile-only Internet users by 2015 (http://arstechnica.com/tech-policy/2011/03/world-mobile-data-traffic-to-explode-by-factor-of-26-by-2015/)



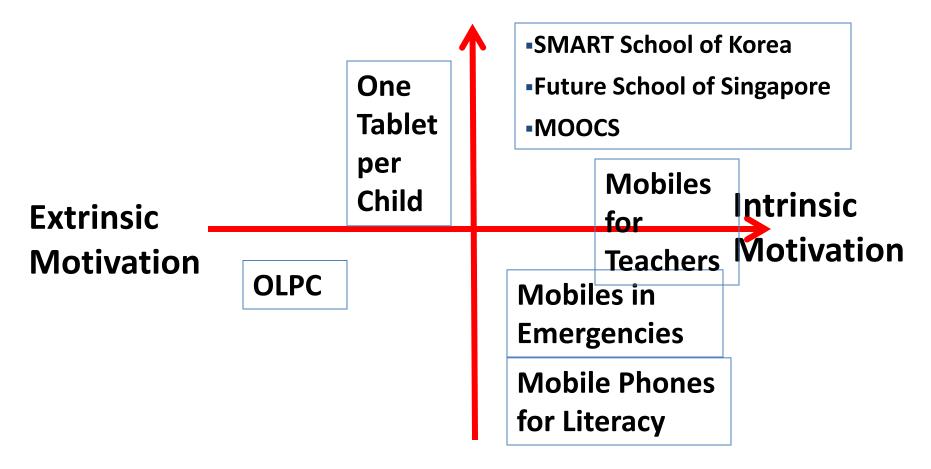






Mobile Learning Under Different United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization Educational Contexts

Resource- Rich Settings









UNESCO's Mobile Learning Projects

Mobile Learning is learning anywhere, anytime through the use of mobile technologies, often empowered by wireless broadband connection. **Scope of mobile devices**: tablets, mobile phones, e-readers, etc.

Main focus areas:

Mobile learning policy

• Mobile technologies for teachers development

Mobile literacy for women and girls

- Mobiles for reading
- Mobile Learning Week
 - → 17-21 February, 2014









Policy Open Curriculum & Assessment, OER Mobile Learning

Infrastructure Access to mobile broadband

Pedagogy 1:1 Pedagogy and **Open Schooling**







2. The pressing problem: Low literacy rate of women and girls



- ■2/3 of illiterate adults and youth are women, and literacy is the gateway to any further learning & development opportunities
- Women and girls face barriers to accessing education...

cultural, societal, religious, political, economical, their own attitudes, and geographic or security constraints



The pressing problem: Low literacy Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization : rate of women and girls

Mobiles hold potentials to overcome some of these barriers: unique features including mobility/portability, relative affordability, potential content richness, increasing social acceptability, and one-to-one learning advantages \rightarrow an integrated knowledge creation and sharing tool







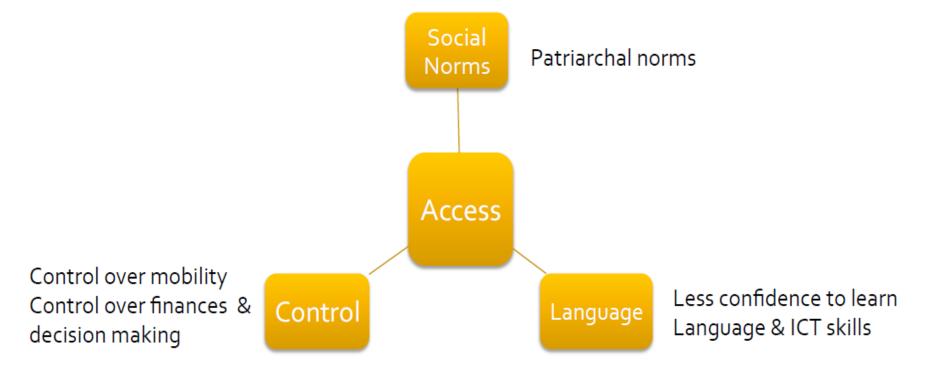


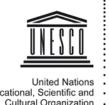
Policy intervention is needed to ensure United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization Cultural Organization

Much fewer women accessing the mobile lessons (Male: 88%,

Female: 12%) (Tyers (2012): BBC Janala Project).

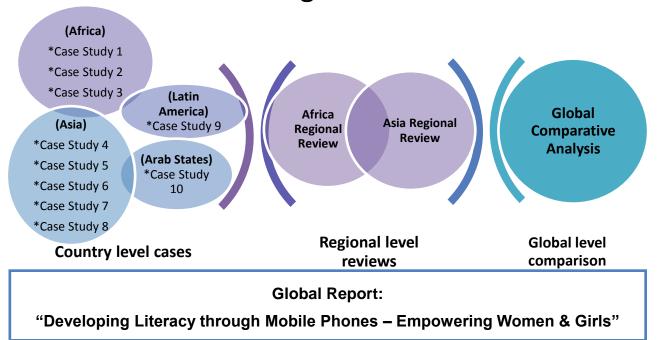
"Barriers to Participation"





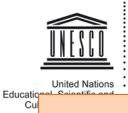
Phase I of UNESCO Project Mobile Phone Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization Cultural Organization Cultural Organization

Project Aims: Advocating the use of mobile technologies to empower women and girls through documenting and disseminating successful stories based on analysis of what works and how to make it work, and what does NOT work - Ten case studies, two regional reviews, and two regional consultation meetings









Selected Case-Studies

AFRICA

1. Jokko Initiative by Tostan International & UNICEF (Senegal)

Mobiles for women's literacy skills / 2009-2010 / several communities

2. Project ABC – Mobiles 4 Literacy, Tufts University, University of Oxford, Catholic Relief Services (Niger)

Mobiles for basic literacy as a learning tool in Hausa and Zarma, with literacy classes targeting over 7'000 adults in 140 villages

ARAB STATES

3. Somali Youth Livelihoods Project

Souktel & EDC (Somalia)

LATIN AMERICA & the CARIBBEAN

4. AlfabeTIC Celular

Organization of Ibero-American States (Argentina)







Selected Case-Studies

ASIA

5. Literacy by Mobile Phone Project, UNESCO (Pakistan)

Mobile for women's literacy & empowerment / 1'500 adolescent girls

6. MILLEE Project, CMU (India & China)

Mobiles for literacy/language acquisition / 2011

7. Nokia Life Tools (India, China, Indonesia, Nigeria)

Mobiles for English language & education services for women / 2009, on-going

8. Pink Phone Project, Oxfam & Women for Prosperity (Cambodia)

Mobiles for women's empowerment / since 2010, ongoing

9. Mobile Literacy Program, Georgetown University & Afghan Institute for Learning (Afghanistan): Mobiles for literacy to empower girls/Nov 2011 – Feb 2012







Mobile Phone Literacy: United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization Empowering Women and Girls

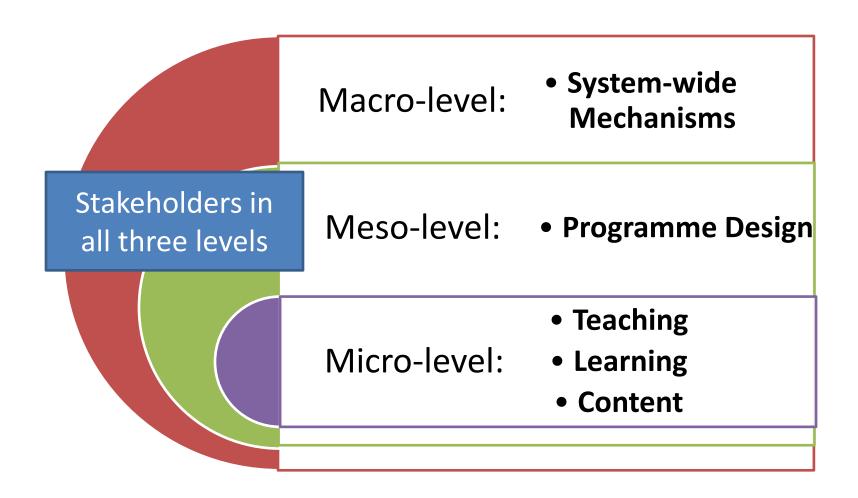








3-level lessons are documented









Key Elements of Mobile Phone Literacy United Nations : Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization : ECO-System

- Assess major barriers to the literacy education for women and girls: religious and/or social, poverty, conflicts, etc.
- Target issues underlying literacy education: relapse of literacy, irrelevance of literacy skills, information overloading, etc.
- Check infrastructure and ICT pre-conditions: electricity supply, access to computer and internet
- **Develop Mobile solutions**: Phones, SIM cards, memory cards, cost of SMS and internet data, internet connectivity required, social media (facebook, twitter, etc.), specialized Apps ...
- Sustain mobile content delivery: Micro lesson units for mobiles, visual elements (Videos/Pics), tests, active learning exercises
- **Design mobile pedagogy**: Communication via phones, face-to-face training + location based learning, peer coaching & cooperative learning
- Sensitize policy makers and mobilize local communities



Key policy recommendations from Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization : the report

- 1. Mobile learning for women's and girls' literacy education is an opportunity that governments can not afford to miss.
- 2. There are few initiatives and more action is needed to scale them up, with close monitoring and gender-sensitive evaluation.
- 3. Community sensitization and mobilization as well as political support are key ingredients for success.







Key policy recommendations from Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization : the report

- 4. The particular needs of the targeted women and girls must be addressed and life-skills and empowerment opportunities offered.
- 5. Social values of a combination of 3-levels of change (a change of self, a change in the perception of self, and a change in the perception of others of self).
- 6. Structures and spaces with flexible learning times are needed, with close consideration of how the mobile technologies can be optimized in the different educational contexts and settings.







PHASE II: From Insight to Action

Bring about large scale impact on literacy for women and girls in targeted countries and open potential for similar initiatives

Best leverage literacy education for life skills development in the areas of education, health, rights, agriculture, sanitation, water, and personal and family finances

Raise awareness and promote the value of literacy through mobile phones

Develop effective mobile learning models for literacy development among women and girls

Build capacity of the UNESCO field offices and local implementation agencies







morale

Call for Alliances and Actions to Roll out Effective Mobile Literacy Education

Galtarar Grigarii Zation +		
Main Literacy Issue or	Potentials of Mobile	Elements of Solutions
Challenge	Technologies	- Mobile Literacy Eco-System
Unavailability/unreliable	Dural battery of mobile	Solar energy solution + charging
electricity supply	phones or tablets; Solar	stations
Shortage of mother-	Local language based open	Local subject matter experts
tongue literacy content	content	
Irrelevance to life/job	Content on life and job skills	OER on life and job skills; location-
		based learning
No sustainable access to	Content storage in and	Memory cards + SMS + content
literacy content	delivery through mobiles	delivery Apps
Time constraint of adult	Mobility and ubiquity of	Ubiquitous learning modes
illiterates	mobile phones /tablets	
Literacy relapse after	Continuous and ubiquitous	Devices in hands & Instant Mobile
short-term literacy	access	Network Suitcases
Sense of helplessness of	Networking and regular	Mobile device enabled social
remote/PCPD illiterates	communication	media & online local community
Facilitators' capacity &	Empowering literacy	Equipping facilitators with capacity,

devices, and content

facilitators



Thank you...

f.miao@unesco.org

http://twitter.com/#!/UNESCOICTs

http://www.facebook.com/UNESCOICTinEducation

http://www.unesco.org/new/en/unesco/themes/icts



